DOI: 10.22083/JCCS.2020.235290.3108

Research Paper

Political Waves Arising from the Debates of the Eleventh Presidential Election of Iran Study of Press News in the Tenth Term until June 24, 2013

Hadi khaniki, Professor, Educational Group of Communication Studies, Allameh Tabataba'I University. Email: hadi.khaniki@gmail.com

keivan Lotfi, Ph.D. in Communication Sciences, Allameh Tabataba'I University (Corresponding author). Email: lotfi1356@gmail.com

Abstract

In the 2013 election, for the second time, debates were held in which controversial criticism was raised. Therefore, the present study examines the political-media waves created by the debates in this election. Each debate has a special impact on the news media, and the present study uses quantitative and qualitative content analysis to categorize the news from each debate, taking into account criteria such as the amount of news coverage, the time distribution of coverage in several different media. The issues raised in the newspapers were classified as political waves. Political waves, following Wolfsfeld in the theoretical model of politics-media-politics, first begin in the political environment (here the same arena of debate), are formed in the media with extensive coverage and storytelling, and while inflamed in the political space, with reaction and changes in the political environment are being pursued. In the analysis of the detected waves, this logic was considered so that the waves could be examined more deeply. In this election period, the reflection of all the debates was followed separately in 14 newspapers from two wings. In this election waves of "protests over the way debates were held," "security space," and "political challenges' were show off.

Conflict of interest:

According to the authors of the article, did not have any conflict of interest.

Keywords:

Political waves, Elections, 2013 Election, Media policy, Debate.

